## STABICOLOR

## Ensures the stability and clarity of your wines

## CHARACTERISTICS

STABICOLOR prevents deposits of colouring matter and cloudiness of physico-chemical origin in young wines.

## OENOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

- STABICOLOR protects wine from all types of colloidal precipitation-iron, copper and protein casse, deposits of colouring matter-through the action of an extremely pure gum arabic (E 414).
- STABICOLOR improves the stabilisation of iron when using citric acid (E 330) as a complexing agent. Citric acid, when used at the usual dosage, does not provide sufficient protection. Combining it with gum arabic makes treatment more effective with regard to iron precipitation.


## DOSAGE

STABICOLOR should be used at doses of 10 to $20 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{hL}$ on filtered wines ready for bottling.
Maximum legal dose according to current European regulations: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{hL}$.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Dissolve in 10 to 20 times its weight of wine (avoid using metal container). STABICOLOR should be added after filtration and before bottling, using a Venturi system.
N.B.: heat treatment of wines can cause the onset of cloudiness.

## Precautions for use:

Product for oenological and specifically professional use.
Use in accordance with current regulations.

## INGREDIENTS

Pure dehydrated gum arabic (E414) 50\%, citric acid (E330) 50\%, GMO-free, non-allergenic.

## PACKAGING

1 kg bags

## STORAGE

Store unopened, sealed packaging away from light in a dry, odour-free environment. Do not allow to freeze.
Once opened use rapidly.
Use before best-by date stamped on packaging.
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